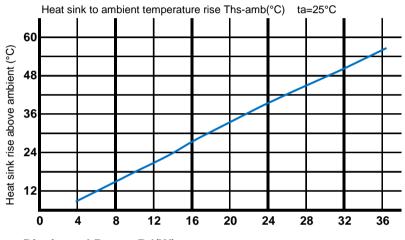


## The thermal data table

Pd=Pe x (1-ηL)		Heat sink to ambient thermal resistance Rhs-amb(°C/W)	Heat sink to ambient temperature rise Ths-amb(°C)
		Cube-130	
Dissipated Power Pd(W)	5	1.80	10
	10	1.60	18
	15	1.53	26
	20	1.48	33.5
	25	1.44	41
	30	1.43	49
	35	1.39	55.5

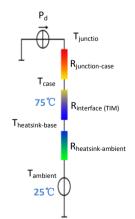


**Dissipated Power Pd(W)** 

- \* Please be aware the dissipated power Pd is not the same as the electrical power Pe of a LED module.
- \*To calculate the dissipated power please use the following formula:  $Pd = Pe \ x \ (1-\eta L)$ .
- Pd Dissipated power; Pe Electrical power;  $\eta L = Light$  effciency of the LED module;
- \*The aluminum substrate side of the package outer shell is thermally connected to the heat sink via TIM (Thermal interface material).

MingFa recommends the use of a high thermal conductive interface between the LED module and the LED cooler.

Either thermal grease, A thermal pad or a phase change thermal pad thickness 0.1-0.15mm is recommended.



\*Thermal resistance is a heat property and a measurement of a temperature difference by which an object or material resists a heat flow.

Geometric shapes are different, the thermal resistance is different. Formula:  $\theta = (Ths - Ta)/Pd$ 

- $\theta$  Thermal Resistance [°C/W]; Ths Heatsink temperature; Ta Ambient temperature;
- \*The thermal resistance between the junction section of the light-emitting diode and the aluminum substrate side of the package outer
- shell is  $R_{junction-case}$ , the thermal resistance of the TIM outside the package is  $R_{interface\ (TIM)}$  [°C/W], the thermal resistance with the

heat sink is  $R_{heatsink-ambient}$  [°C/W], and the ambient temperature is  $T_{ambient}$  [°C].

\*Thermal resistances outside the package  $R_{\text{interface (TIM)}}$  and  $R_{\text{heatsink-ambient}}$  can be integrated

into the thermal resistance  $R_{\text{case-ambient}}$  at this point. Thus, the following formula is also used:

 $T_{junction} = (R_{junction\text{-}case} + R_{case\text{-}ambient}) \cdot Pd + T_{ambient}$